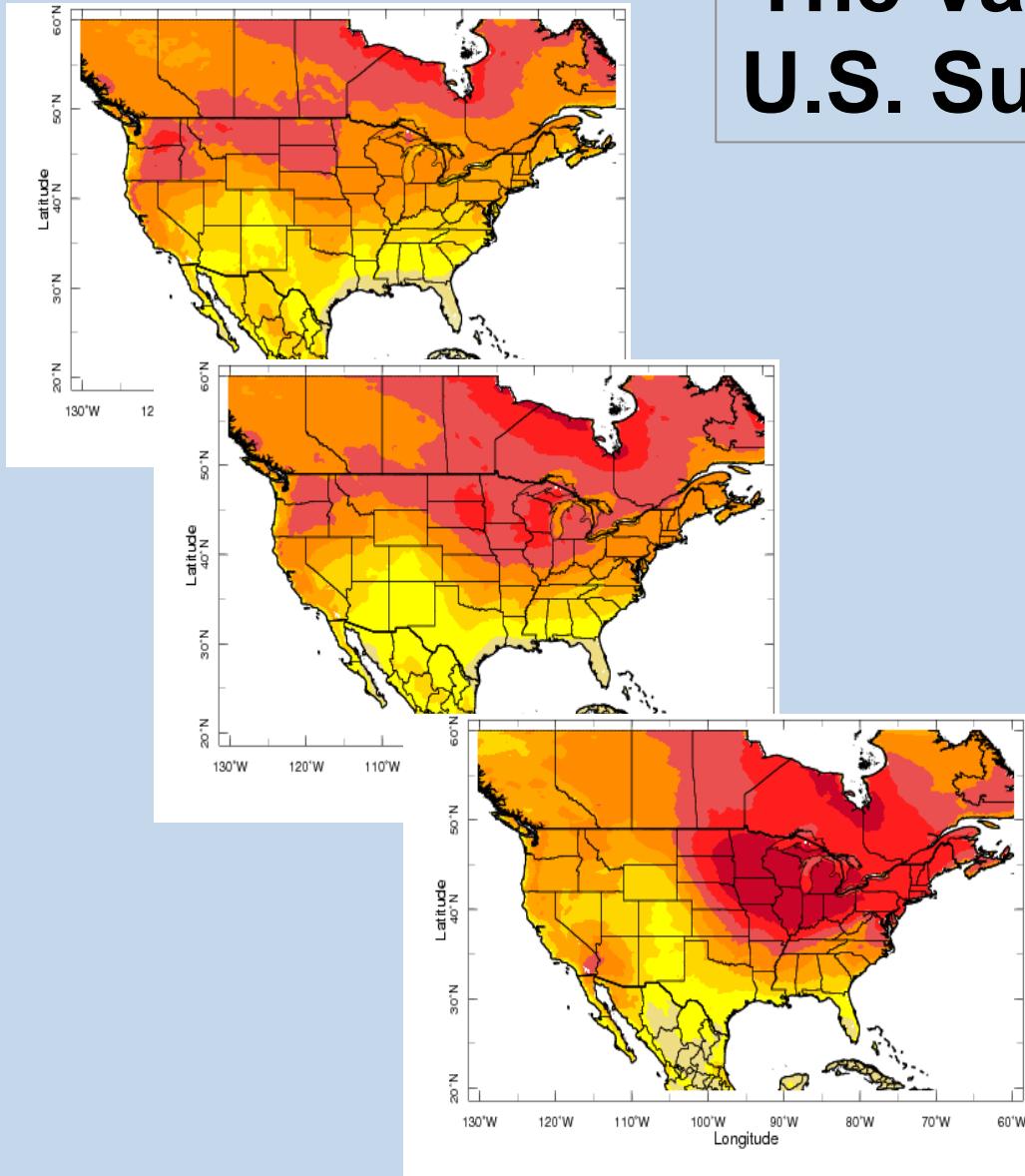


# The Varying Character of U.S. Summer Heat Waves



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NOAA Webinar

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International Research Institute  
for Climate and Society  
EARTH INSTITUTE | COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY

# Heat Wave Definition(s)

## Variable

- Daily maximum, minimum, mean temperature
- Include humidity (Apparent Temp. [ $T_a$ ]), Equivalent Temp. [ $T_{eq}$ ], Heat Index)

## Magnitude/Threshold

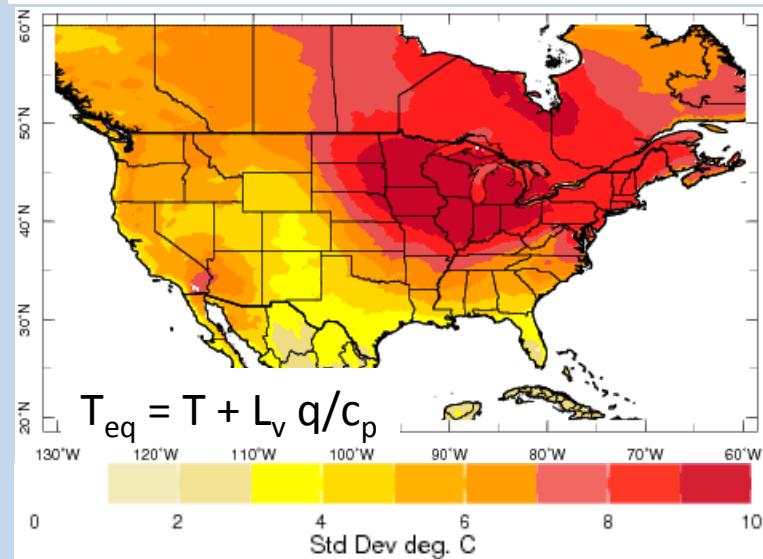
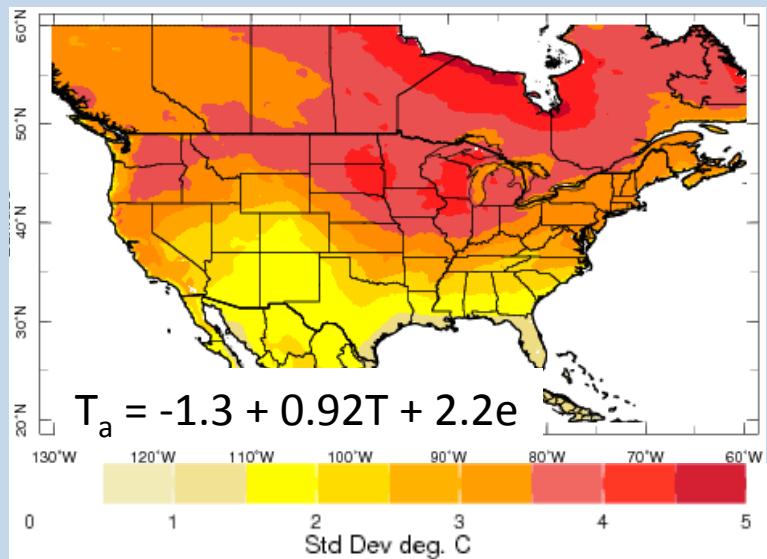
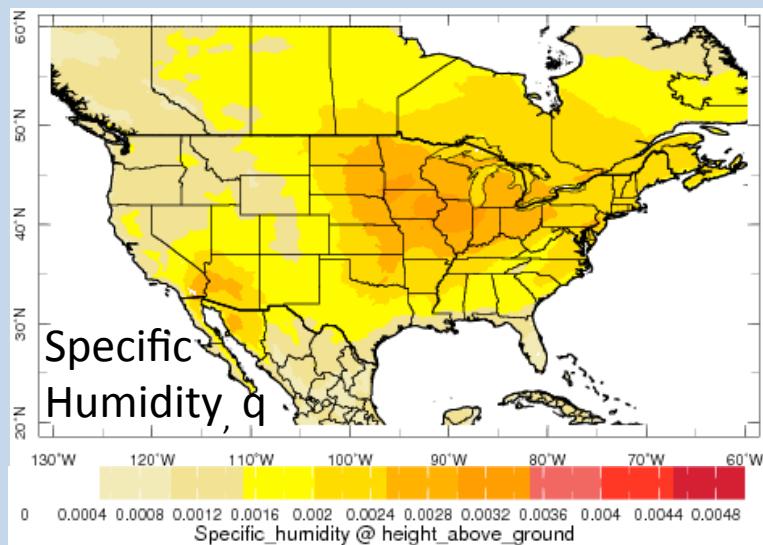
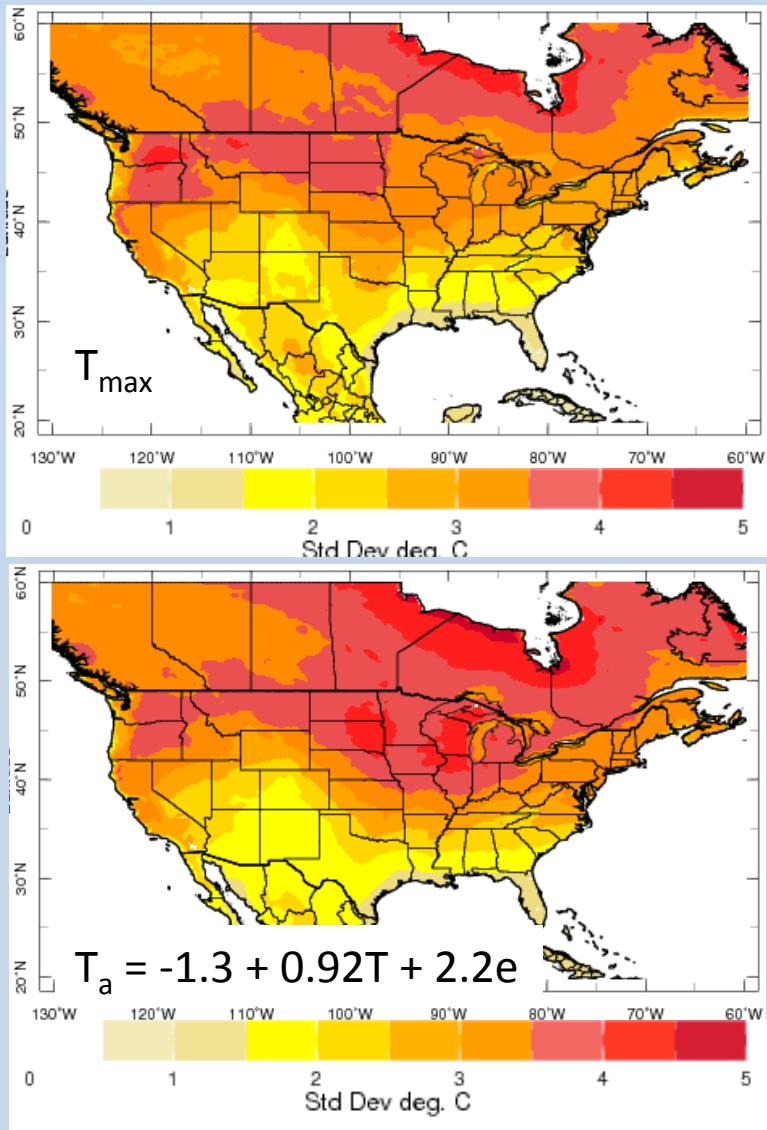
- Absolute (35 °C), Relative (95<sup>th</sup> percentile, 99<sup>th</sup> percentile...)

## Duration

- 1 day, 3 days, 5 days...

- *From a **physics** perspective, we expect differences in behavior based on definition... (frequency, persistence, spatial distribution)*
- *From an **impacts** perspective, we expect differences in sensitivity based on definition... (health, energy, agriculture...)*

# Standard Deviation of Daily Variables (Jun-Aug, 1979-2014, NARR)



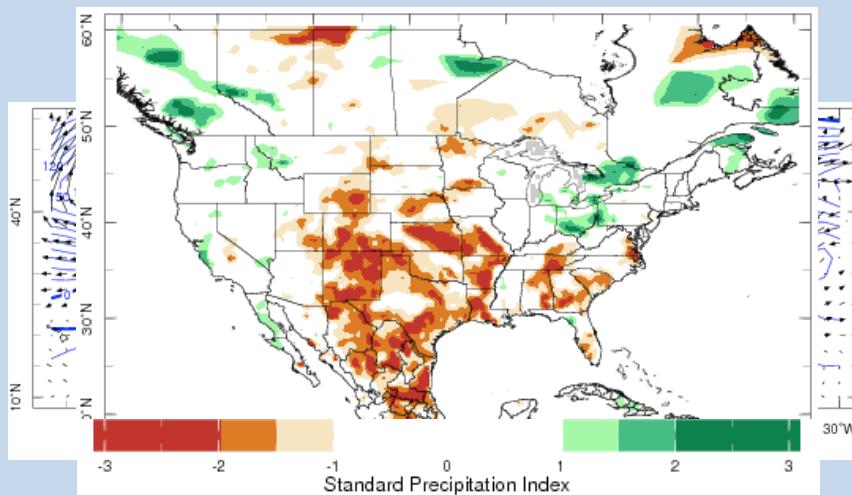
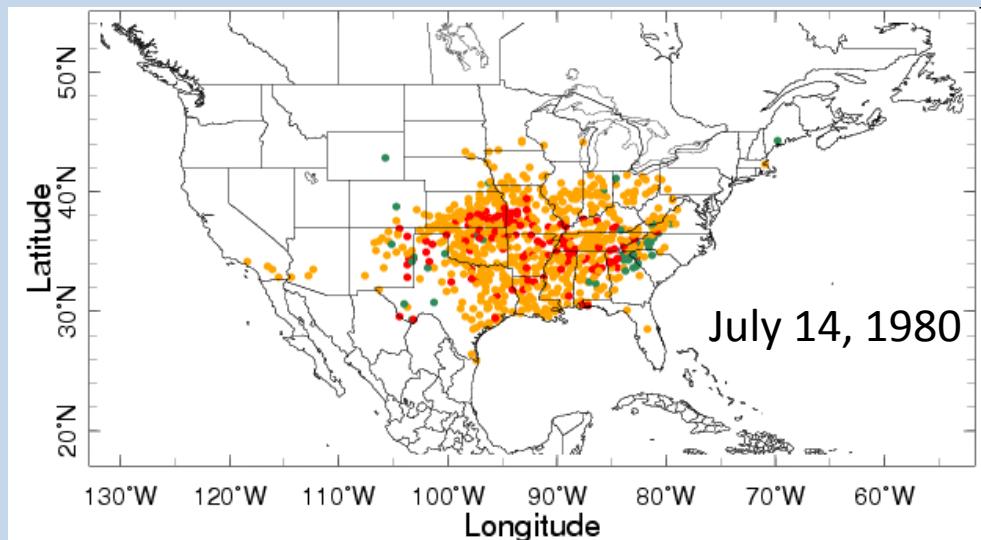
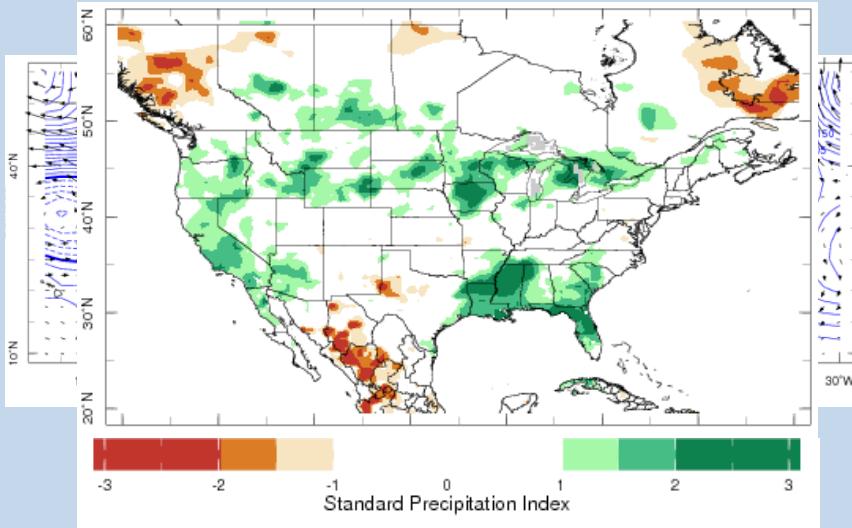
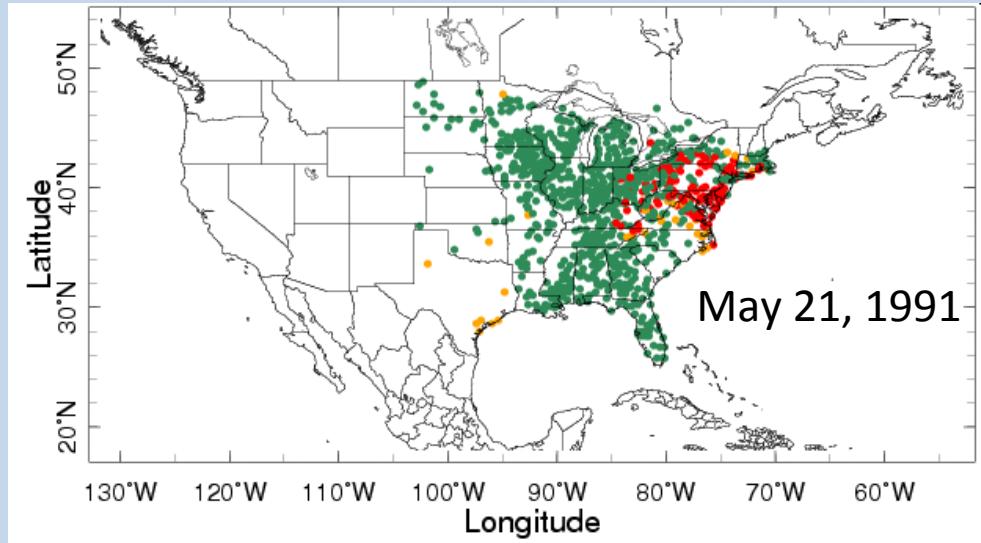
Note scale!

# Heat Wave Examples

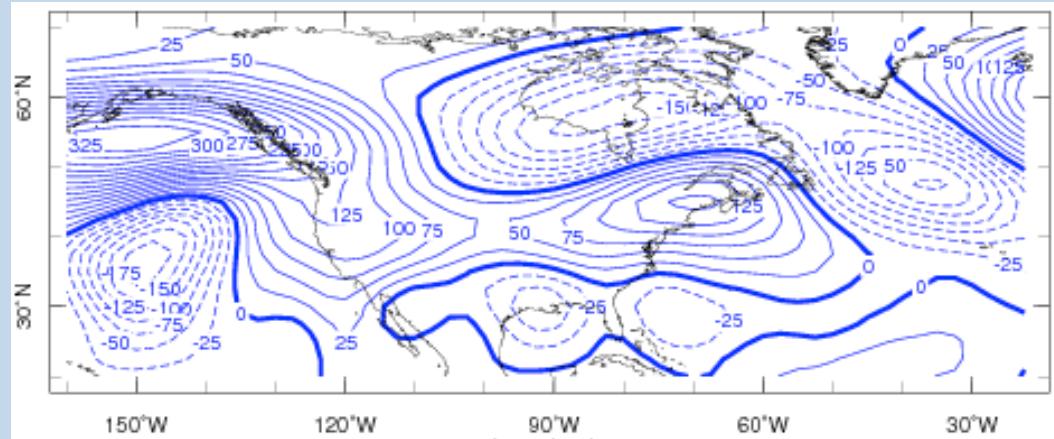
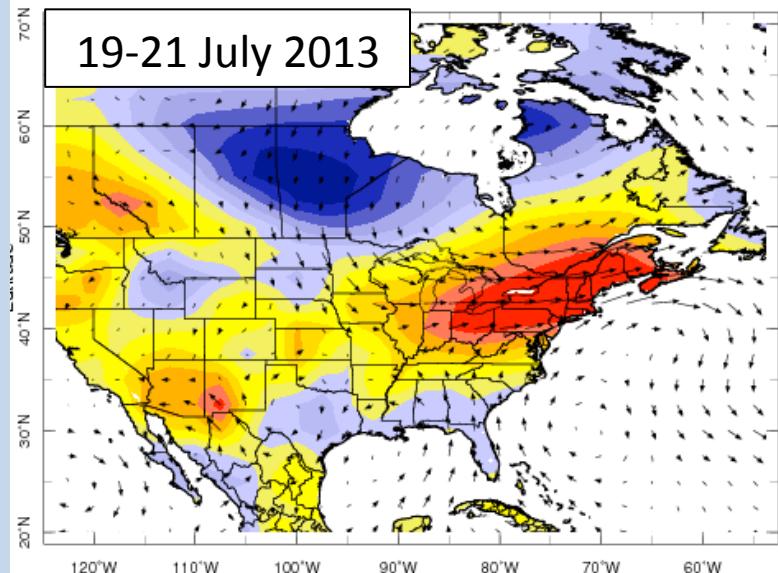
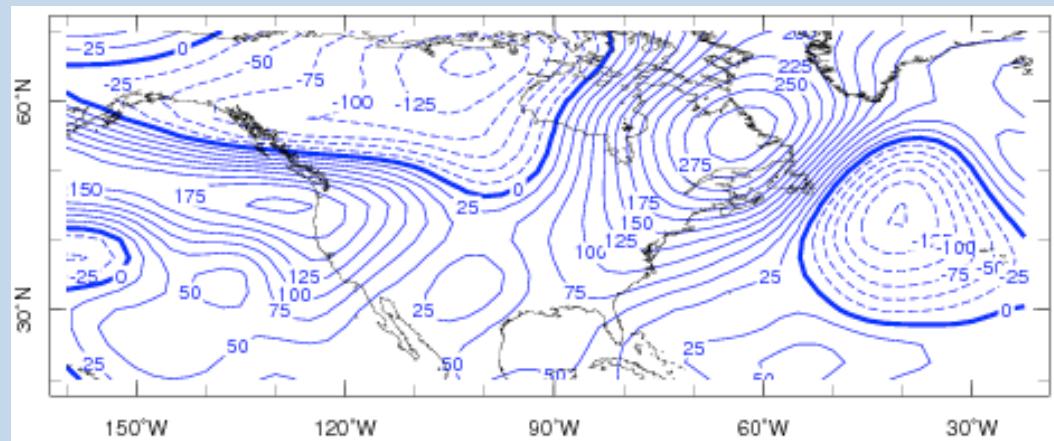
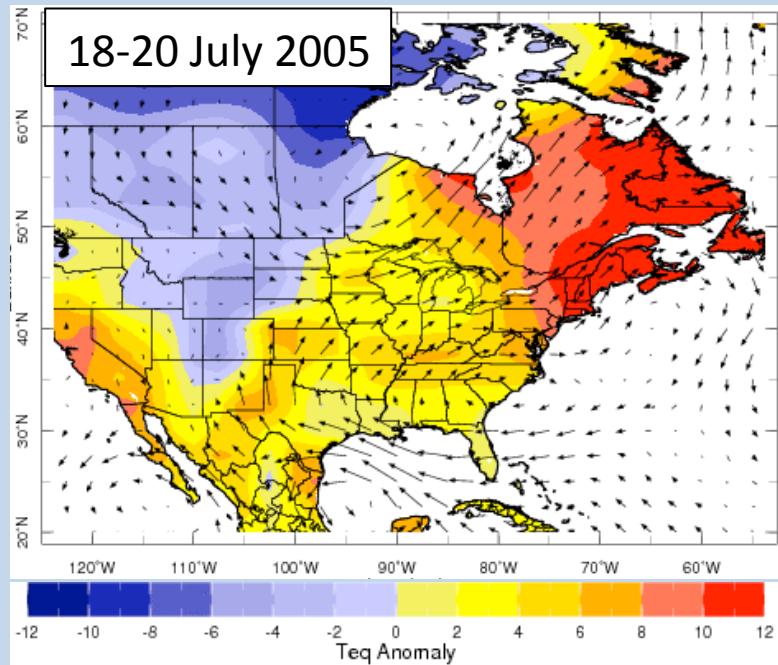
● Minimum Temp

● Maximum Temp

● Both  $T_{\max}$  &  $T_{\min}$



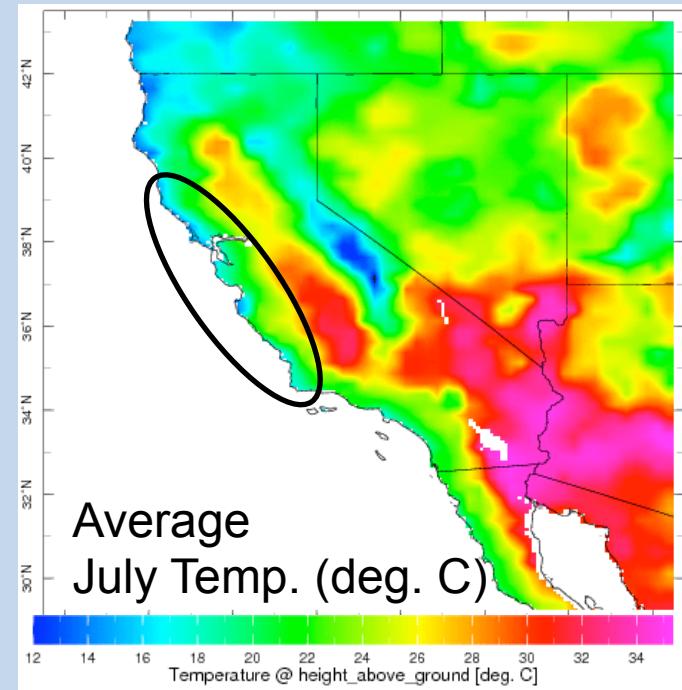
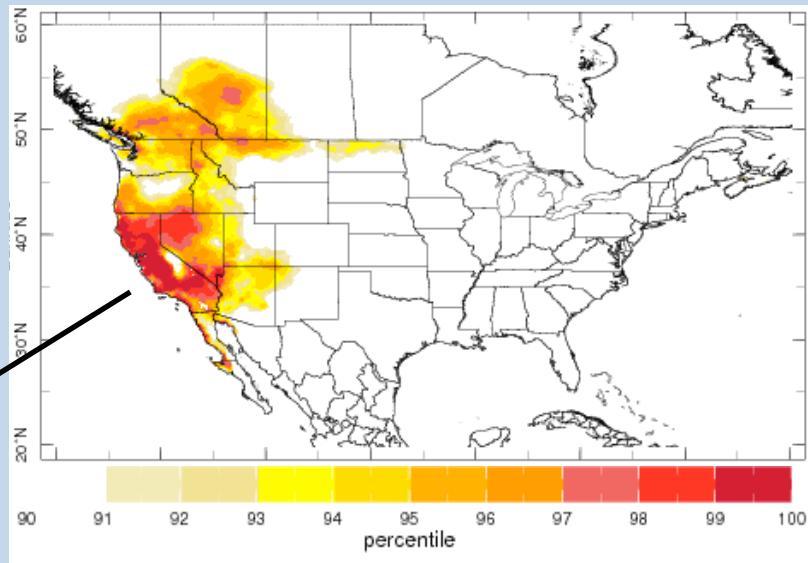
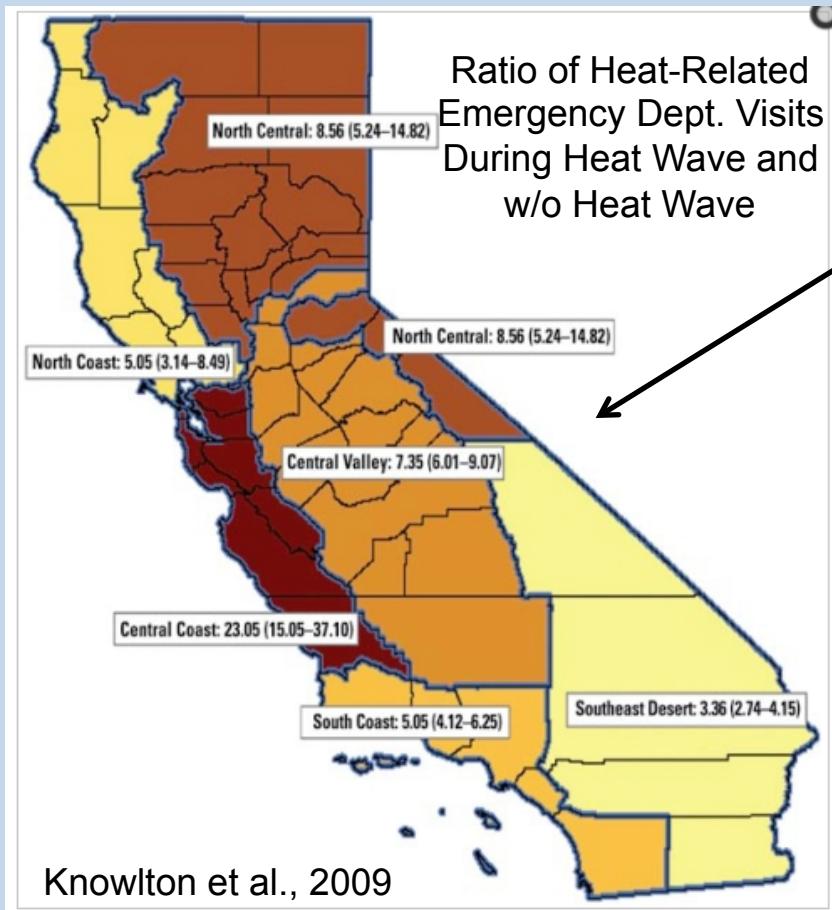
# Heat Wave Examples ( $T_{eq} > 95^{\text{th}}$ , 3+ days)



22-26 July 2006

# Impacts

## “California” Heat Wave of 2006



*... with much more to come*